

CARF Accreditation Report
for
Shiawasse County Community
Mental Health Authority

Three-Year Accreditation



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About CARF

CARF is an independent, nonprofit accreditor of health and human services, enhancing the lives of persons served worldwide.

The accreditation process applies CARF's internationally recognized standards during an on-site survey conducted by peer surveyors. Accreditation, however, is an ongoing process that distinguishes a provider's service delivery and signals to the public that the provider is committed to continuous performance improvement, responsive to feedback, and accountable to the community and its other stakeholders.

CARF accreditation promotes providers' demonstration of value and Quality Across the Lifespan® of millions of persons served through application of rigorous organizational and program standards organized around the ASPIRE to Excellence® continuous quality improvement framework. CARF accreditation has been the recognized benchmark of quality health and human services for more than 50 years.

For more information or to contact CARF, please visit www.carf.org/contact-us.

Organization

Shiawassee County Community Mental Health Authority
1555 Industrial Drive, Post Office Box 428
Owosso, MI 48867

Organizational Leadership

Lindsey Hull, CEO

Survey Date(s)

September 25, 2017–September 27, 2017

Surveyor(s)

Mark H. Henning, M.S., CSACI, Administrative
John I. Mayes, LCSW, CADAC, USMC , Program
Ann Alexander, Program

Program(s)/Service(s) Surveyed

Assertive Community Treatment: Mental Health (Adults)
Assessment and Referral: Integrated: AOD/MH (Adults)
Assessment and Referral: Integrated: IDD/Mental Health (Adults)
Assessment and Referral: Integrated: IDD/Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
Case Management/Services Coordination: Integrated: IDD/Mental Health (Adults)
Case Management/Services Coordination: Integrated: IDD/Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
Crisis Intervention: Integrated: IDD/Mental Health (Adults)
Crisis Intervention: Integrated: IDD/Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
Intensive Family-Based Services: Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
Outpatient Treatment: Integrated: AOD/MH (Adults)
Outpatient Treatment: Integrated: IDD/Mental Health (Adults)
Outpatient Treatment: Integrated: IDD/Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
Governance Standards Applied

Previous Survey

Three-Year Accreditation
September 25, 2014–September 26, 2014

Accreditation Decision

Three-Year Accreditation

Expiration: November 30, 2020

Executive Summary

This report contains the findings of CARF's on-site survey of Shiawassee County Community Mental Health Authority conducted September 25, 2017–September 27, 2017. This report includes the following information:

- Documentation of the accreditation decision and the basis for the decision as determined by CARF's consideration of the survey findings.
- Identification of the specific program(s)/service(s) and location(s) to which this accreditation decision applies.
- Identification of the CARF surveyor(s) who conducted the survey and an overview of the CARF survey process and how conformance to the standards was determined.
- Feedback on the organization's strengths and recognition of any areas where the organization demonstrated exemplary conformance to the standards.
- Documentation of the specific sections of the CARF standards that were applied on the survey.
- Recommendations for improvement in any areas where the organization did not meet the minimum requirements to demonstrate full conformance to the standards.
- Any consultative suggestions documented by the surveyor(s) to help the organization improve its program(s)/service(s) and business operations.

Accreditation Decision

On balance, Shiawassee County Community Mental Health Authority demonstrated substantial conformance to the standards. Shiawassee County Community Mental Health Authority (SCCMHA) is fully embedded in its region and community. Its leadership, staff, and board of directors are focused on the continuation of existing community services and developing innovative new approaches to address the challenges of their persons served and families. SCCMHA uses evidence-based programs, comprehensive quality improvement, and person-centered relationships with all of its stakeholders. SCCMHA uses its Main Street USA approach to integrate and represent its approach to quality, integrated care. Leadership is aware of and capable of addressing the few areas identified in this report for improvement.

Shiawassee County Community Mental Health Authority appears likely to maintain and/or improve its current method of operation and demonstrates a commitment to ongoing quality improvement. Shiawassee County Community Mental Health Authority is required to submit a post-survey Quality Improvement Plan (QIP) to CARF that addresses all recommendations identified in this report.

Shiawassee County Community Mental Health Authority has earned a Three-Year Accreditation. The leadership team and staff are complimented and congratulated for this achievement. In order to maintain this accreditation, throughout the term of accreditation, the organization is required to:

- Submit annual reporting documents and other required information to CARF, as detailed in the Accreditation Policies and Procedures section in the standards manual.
- Maintain ongoing conformance to CARF's standards, satisfy all accreditation conditions, and comply with all accreditation policies and procedures, as they are published and made effective by CARF.

Survey Details

Survey Participants

The survey of Shiawassee County Community Mental Health Authority was conducted by the following CARF surveyor(s):

- Mark H. Henning, M.S., CSACI, Administrative
- John I. Mayes, LCSW, CADC, USMC , Program
- Ann Alexander, Program

CARF considers the involvement of persons served to be vital to the survey process. As part of the accreditation survey for all organizations, CARF surveyors interact with and conduct direct, confidential interviews with consenting current and former persons served in the program(s)/service(s) for which the organization is seeking accreditation. In addition, as applicable and available, interviews may be conducted with family members and/or representatives of the persons served such as guardians, advocates, or members of their support system.

Interviews are also conducted with individuals associated with the organization, as applicable, which may include:

- The organization's leadership, such as board members, executives, owners, and managers.
- Business unit resources, such as finance and human resources.
- Personnel who serve and directly interact with persons served in the program(s)/service(s) for which the organization is seeking accreditation.
- Other stakeholders, such as referral sources, payers, insurers, and fiscal intermediaries.
- Community constituents and governmental representatives.

Survey Activities

Achieving CARF accreditation involves demonstrating conformance to the applicable CARF standards, evidenced through observable practices, verifiable results over time, and comprehensive supporting documentation. The survey of Shiawassee County Community Mental Health Authority and its program(s)/service(s) consisted of the following activities:

- Confidential interviews and direct interactions, as outlined in the previous section.
- Direct observation of the organization's operations and service delivery practices.
- Observation of the organization's location(s) where services are delivered.
- Review of organizational documents, which may include policies; plans; written procedures; promotional materials; governing documents, such as articles of incorporation and bylaws; financial statements; and other documents necessary to determine conformance to standards.
- Review of documents related to program/service design, delivery, outcomes, and improvement, such as program descriptions, records of services provided, documentation of reviews of program resources and services conducted, and program evaluations.
- Review of records of current and former persons served.

Program(s)/Service(s) Surveyed

The survey addressed by this report is specific to the following program(s)/service(s):

- Assertive Community Treatment: Mental Health (Adults)
- Assessment and Referral: Integrated: AOD/MH (Adults)
- Assessment and Referral: Integrated: IDD/Mental Health (Adults)
- Assessment and Referral: Integrated: IDD/Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
- Case Management/Services Coordination: Integrated: IDD/Mental Health (Adults)
- Case Management/Services Coordination: Integrated: IDD/Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
- Crisis Intervention: Integrated: IDD/Mental Health (Adults)
- Crisis Intervention: Integrated: IDD/Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
- Intensive Family-Based Services: Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
- Outpatient Treatment: Integrated: AOD/MH (Adults)
- Outpatient Treatment: Integrated: IDD/Mental Health (Adults)
- Outpatient Treatment: Integrated: IDD/Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
- *Governance Standards Applied*

A list of the organization's accredited program(s)/service(s) by location is included at the end of this report.

Representations and Constraints

The accreditation decision and survey findings contained in this report are based on an on-balance consideration of the information obtained by the surveyor(s) during the on-site survey. Any information that was unavailable, not presented, or outside the scope of the survey was not considered and, had it been considered, may have affected the contents of this report. If at any time CARF subsequently learns or has reason to believe that the organization did not participate in the accreditation process in good faith or that any information presented was not accurate, truthful, or complete, CARF may modify the accreditation decision, up to and including revocation of accreditation.

Survey Findings

This report provides a summary of the organization's strengths and identifies the sections of the CARF standards that were applied on the survey and the findings in each area. In conjunction with its evaluation of conformance to the specific program/service standards, CARF assessed conformance to its business practice standards, referred to as Section 1. ASPIRE to Excellence, which are designed to support the delivery of the program(s)/service(s) within a sound business operating framework to promote long-term success.

The specific standards applied from each section vary based on a variety of factors, including, but not limited to, the scope(s) of the program(s)/service(s), population(s) served, location(s), methods of service delivery, and survey type. Information about the specific standards applied on each survey is included in the standards manual and other instructions that may be provided by CARF.

Areas of Strength

CARF found that Shiawassee County Community Mental Health Authority demonstrated the following strengths:

- SCCMHA has a dedicated and active board of directors that is embedded in the community and provides meaningful feedback to the executive leadership. SCCMHA has a longstanding and well-deserved positive reputation in this region.
- Leadership is dedicated to the persons served and enthusiastic in its approaches to service enhancement and each individual's development.
- The senior management team of SCCMHA demonstrates progressive, visionary, and insightful leadership. The organizational leadership values its teams, promotes their strengths, and works together with them to ensure that they have the support to enhance service quality. Its personable style promotes a positive and healthy cohesive culture within the organization.
- The staff members of SCCMHA are knowledgeable, compassionate, and caring and advocate for the persons served while seeking ways in which to accommodate for any special needs to live at the highest level of functioning obtainable. Supervisory and clinical personnel are well qualified, energetic, and enthusiastic about the work that they do and expressed a high level of commitment to the overall mission.
- SCCMHA operates and thrives in a challenging financial environment due to its management acumen and dedication.
- The programs of the organization are interwoven and integrated. The electronic medical record is utilized in a collaborative and complementary manner.
- The organization has a well-defined set of values of kindness, helpfulness, and optimal care, which fortifies its delivery of programs.
- SCCHMA demonstrates a strong commitment to the collection and use of outcomes data to improve quality, efficiency, and effectiveness of service delivery.
- Relationship building and solid clinical practices form the basis of the organization's ability to incorporate innovation and creativity into the services it provides.
- The persons served repeatedly stated that they were so very grateful for the solid support, guidance, and assistance they received. They commented that services enhanced their lives. They expressed a high level of satisfaction with the services they are receiving and reported that they are treated with dignity and respect and are appreciative of the organization.
- The social enterprise services and skill-building vocational activities are innovative and motivating for the persons served.
- The organization provides children, adolescents, and their families with services that ensure that the unique and challenging needs of the young people are met through adaptable, high-quality, community-based and in-home services.
- The organization continues its use and refinement of its Main Street USA framework for the administration of comprehensive, efficient, and effective services and programs for individuals with intellectual and developmental disabilities. Main Street USA establishes a collegial atmosphere that fosters and enhances skill development, social interaction, community integration, incorporation of the family, while increasing natural supports for the individual. Main Street USA embodies the most desirable qualities of community, support, integration, and responsibility in a real-life environment.

Opportunities for Quality Improvement

The CARF survey process identifies opportunities for continuous improvement, a core concept of “aspiring to excellence.” This section of the report lists the sections of the CARF standards that were applied on the survey, including a description of the business practice area and/or the specific program(s)/service(s) surveyed and a summary of the key areas addressed in that section of the standards.

In this section of the report, a recommendation identifies any standard for which CARF determined that the organization did not meet the minimum requirements to demonstrate full conformance. All recommendations must be addressed in a QIP submitted to CARF.

In addition, consultation may be provided for areas of or specific standards where the surveyor(s) documented suggestions that the organization may consider to improve its business or service delivery practices. Note that consultation may be offered for areas of specific standards that do not have any recommendations. Such consultation does not indicate nonconformance to the standards; it is intended to offer ideas that the organization might find helpful in its ongoing quality improvement efforts. The organization is not required to address consultation.

When CARF surveyors visit an organization, their role is that of independent peer reviewers, and their goal is not only to gather an assess information to determine conformance to the standards, but also to engage in relevant and meaningful consultative dialogue. Not all consultation or suggestions discussed during the survey are noted in this report. The organization is encouraged to review any notes made during the survey and consider the consultation or suggestions that were discussed.

During the process of preparing for a CARF accreditation survey, an organization may conduct a detailed self-assessment and engage in deliberations and discussions within the organization as well as with external stakeholders as it considers ways to implement and use the standards to guide its quality improvement efforts. The organization is encouraged to review these discussions and deliberations as it considers ways to implement innovative changes and further advance its business and service delivery practices.

Section 1. ASPIRE to Excellence®

1.A. Leadership

Description

CARF-accredited organizations identify leadership that embraces the values of accountability and responsibility to the individual organization’s stated mission. The leadership demonstrates corporate social responsibility.

Key Areas Addressed

- Leadership structure
- Leadership guidance
- Commitment to diversity
- Corporate responsibility
- Corporate compliance

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

1.B. Governance (Optional)

Description

The governing board should provide effective and ethical governance leadership on behalf of fits owners'/stakeholders' interest to ensure that the organization focuses on its purpose and outcomes for persons served, resulting in the organization's long-term success and stability. The board is responsible for ensuring that the organization is managed effectively, efficiently, and ethically by the organization's executive leadership through defined governance accountability mechanisms. These mechanisms include, but are not limited to, an adopted governance framework defined by written governance policies and demonstrated practices; active and timely review of organizational performance and that of the executive leadership; and the demarcation of duties between the board and executive leadership to ensure that organizational strategies, plans, decisions, and actions are delegated to the resource that would best advance the interests and performance of the organization over the long term and manage the organization's inherent risks. The board has additional responsibilities under the domain of public trust, and as such, it understands its corporate responsibility to the organization's employees, providers, suppliers, and the communities it serves.

Key Areas Addressed

- Ethical, active, and accountable governance
- Board composition, selection, orientation, development, assessment, and succession
- Board leadership, organizational structure, meeting planning, and management
- Linkage between governance and executive leadership
- Corporate and executive leadership performance review and development
- Executive compensation

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

1.C. Strategic Planning

Description

CARF-accredited organizations establish a foundation for success through strategic planning focused on taking advantage of strengths and opportunities and addressing weaknesses and threats.

Key Areas Addressed

- Strategic planning considers stakeholder expectations and environmental impacts
- Written strategic plan sets goals
- Plan is implemented, shared, and kept relevant

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

1.D. Input from Persons Served and Other Stakeholders

Description

CARF-accredited organizations continually focus on the expectations of the persons served and other stakeholders. The standards in this subsection direct the organization's focus to soliciting, collecting, analyzing, and using input from all stakeholders to create services that meet or exceed the expectations of the persons served, the community, and other stakeholders.

Key Areas Addressed

- Ongoing collection of information from a variety of sources
- Analysis and integration into business practices
- Leadership response to information collected

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

1.E. Legal Requirements

Description

CARF-accredited organizations comply with all legal and regulatory requirements.

Key Areas Addressed

- Compliance with all legal/regulatory requirements

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

1.F. Financial Planning and Management

Description

CARF-accredited organizations strive to be financially responsible and solvent, conducting fiscal management in a manner that supports their mission, values, and performance objectives. Fiscal practices adhere to established accounting principles and business practices. Fiscal management covers daily operational cost management and incorporates plans for long-term solvency.

Key Areas Addressed

- Budget(s) prepared, shared, and reflective of strategic planning
- Financial results reported/compared to budgeted performance
- Organization review
- Fiscal policies and procedures
- Review of service billing records and fee structure
- Financial review/audit
- Safeguarding funds of persons served

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

1.G. Risk Management

Description

CARF-accredited organizations engage in a coordinated set of activities designed to control threats to their people, property, income, goodwill, and ability to accomplish goals.

Key Areas Addressed

- Identification of loss exposures
- Development of risk management plan
- Adequate insurance coverage

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

1.H. Health and Safety

Description

CARF-accredited organizations maintain healthy, safe, and clean environments that support quality services and minimize risk of harm to persons served, personnel, and other stakeholders.

Key Areas Addressed

- Inspections
- Emergency procedures
- Access to emergency first aid
- Competency of personnel in safety procedures
- Reporting/reviewing critical incidents
- Infection control

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

1.I. Human Resources

Description

CARF-accredited organizations demonstrate that they value their human resources. It should be evident that personnel are involved and engaged in the success of the organization and the persons they serve.

Key Areas Addressed

- Adequate staffing
- Verification of background/credentials
- Recruitment/retention efforts
- Personnel skills/characteristics
- Annual review of job descriptions/performance
- Policies regarding students/volunteers, if applicable

Recommendations

1.I.7.a.

Review of all contract personnel utilized by the organization should assess performance in relation to the scope and requirements of their contracts.

Consultation

- It is suggested that the organization further track, record, and analyze the reasons for turnover of staff at each level and position of the organization; analyze response rates and interview to hire success rates; and employee satisfaction surveys and input to develop a comprehensive picture of the factors that promote retention, encourage longevity, and increase the attractiveness of employment with SCCMHA.
- It is suggested that the organization add pointers or descriptors to its taxonomy to indicate the location of training items contained in other files that are part of the orientation process. It is expected that more readily accessible information will facilitate tracking, training, and completion rates and elevate the quality of care provided by each staff member.
- It is suggested that the organization indicate areas of the orientation outline that are not applicable to staff during the orientation to facilitate tracking and increase efficiency of support staff as well as increase the level of competence of each staff.
- It is suggested that the organization clarify the instructions on its annual evaluation form to provide prompts for supervisors and staff to establish measurable goals for the upcoming evaluation period and score previous evaluation period's measurable goals. Examples of measurable goals could be: "Staff members will submit billing notes with 100 percent accuracy in format and content 24 hours of service delivery 90 percent of the time" or "Staff members will complete 20 hours of continuing education units (CEUs) during the next evaluation period from the list of training and license requirements maintained in Human Resources."

1.J. Technology

Description

CARF-accredited organizations plan for the use of technology to support and advance effective and efficient service and business practices.

Key Areas Addressed

- Written technology and system plan
- Written procedures for the use of information and communication technologies (ICT) in service delivery, if applicable
- Training for personnel, persons served, and others on ICT equipment, if applicable
- Provision of information relevant to the ICT session, if applicable
- Maintenance of ICT equipment in accordance with manufacturer recommendations, if applicable
- Emergency procedures that address unique aspects of service delivery via ICT, if applicable

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

1.K. Rights of Persons Served

Description

CARF-accredited organizations protect and promote the rights of all persons served. This commitment guides the delivery of services and ongoing interactions with the persons served.

Key Areas Addressed

- Communication of rights
- Policies that promote rights
- Complaint, grievance, and appeals policy
- Annual review of complaints

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

1.L. Accessibility

Description

CARF-accredited organizations promote accessibility and the removal of barriers for the persons served and other stakeholders.

Key Areas Addressed

- Written accessibility plan(s)
- Requests for reasonable accommodations

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

1.M. Performance Measurement and Management

Description

CARF-accredited organizations are committed to continually improving their organizations and service delivery to the persons served. Data are collected and analyzed, and information is used to manage and improve service delivery.

Key Areas Addressed

- Information collection, use, and management
- Setting and measuring performance indicators

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

1.N. Performance Improvement

Description

The dynamic nature of continuous improvement in a CARF-accredited organization sets it apart from other organizations providing similar services. CARF-accredited organizations share and provide the persons served and other interested stakeholders with ongoing information about their actual performance as a business entity and their ability to achieve optimal outcomes for the persons served through their programs and services.

Key Areas Addressed

- Proactive performance improvement
- Performance information shared with all stakeholders

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

Section 2. General Program Standards

Description

For an organization to achieve quality services, the persons served are active participants in the planning, prioritization, implementation, and ongoing evaluation of the services offered. A commitment to quality and the involvement of the persons served span the entire time that the persons served are involved with the organization. The service planning process is individualized, establishing goals and objectives that incorporate the unique strengths, needs, abilities, and preferences of the persons served. The persons served have the opportunity to transition easily through a system of care.

2.A. Program/Service Structure

Description

A fundamental responsibility of the organization is to provide a comprehensive program structure. The staffing is designed to maximize opportunities for the persons served to obtain and participate in the services provided.

Key Areas Addressed

- Written program plan
- Crisis intervention provided
- Medical consultation
- Services relevant to diversity
- Assistance with advocacy and support groups
- Team composition/duties
- Relevant education
- Clinical supervision
- Family participation encouraged

Recommendations

2.A.25.

The organization should implement a policy and written procedures for the supervision of all individuals providing direct services.

2.B. Screening and Access to Services

Description

The process of screening and assessment is designed to determine a person's eligibility for services and the organization's ability to provide those services. A person-centered assessment process helps to maximize opportunities for the persons served to gain access to the organization's programs and services. Each person served is actively involved in, and has a significant role in, the assessment process. Assessments are conducted in a manner

that identifies the historical and current information of the person served as well as his or her strengths, needs, abilities, and preferences. Assessment data may be gathered through various means including face-to-face contact, telehealth, or written material; and from various sources including the person served, his or her family or significant others, or from external resources.

Key Areas Addressed

- Screening process described in policies and procedures
- Ineligibility for services
- Admission criteria
- Orientation information provided regarding rights, grievances, services, fees, etc.
- Waiting list
- Primary and ongoing assessments
- Reassessments

Recommendations

2.B.14.a.

2.B.14.b.

2.B.14.c.

The assessment process should include the preparation of a written interpretive summary that is based on the assessment data; identifies any co-occurring disabilities, comorbidities, and/or disorders; and is used in the development of the person-centered plan.

2.C. Person-Centered Plan

Description

Each person served is actively involved in and has a significant role in the person-centered planning process and determining the direction of his or her plan. The person-centered plan contains goals and objectives that incorporate the unique strengths, needs, abilities, and preferences of the person served, as well as identified challenges and potential solutions. The planning process is person-directed and person-centered. The person-centered plan may also be referred to as an individual service plan, treatment plan, or plan of care. In a family-centered program, the plan may be for the family and identified as a family-centered plan.

Key Areas Addressed

- Development of person-centered plan
- Co-occurring disabilities/disorders
- Person-centered plan goals and objectives
- Designated person coordinates services

Recommendations

2.C.2.a.(1)

2.C.2.b.(5)

2.C.2.b.(6)

2.C.2.b.(7)

Goals on the person-centered plan should be expressed in the words of the person served, and the plan should include specific service or treatment objectives that are measurable, achievable, and time specific.

2.D. Transition/Discharge

Description

Transition, continuing care, or discharge planning assists the persons served to move from one level of care to another within the organization or to obtain services that are needed but are not available within the organization. The transition process is planned with the active participation of each person served. Transition may include planned discharge, placement on inactive status, movement to a different level of service or intensity of contact, or a re-entry program in a criminal justice system.

The transition plan is a document developed with and for the person served and other interested participants to guide the person served in activities following transition/discharge to support the gains made during program participation. It is prepared with the active participation of person served when he or she moves to another level of care, after-care program, or community-based services. The transition plan is meant to be a plan that the person served uses to identify the support that is needed to prevent a recurrence of symptoms or reduction in functioning. It is expected that the person served receives a copy of the transition plan.

A discharge summary is a clinical document written by the program personnel who are involved in the services provided to the person served and is completed when the person leaves the organization (planned or unplanned). It is a document that is intended for the record of the person served and released, with appropriate authorization, to describe the course of services that the organization provided and the response by the person served.

Just as the assessment is critical to the success of treatment, the transition services are critical for the support of the individual's ongoing recovery or well-being. The organization proactively attempts to connect the persons served with the receiving service provider and contact the persons served after formal transition or discharge to gather needed information related to their post-discharge status. Discharge information is reviewed to determine the effectiveness of its services and whether additional services were needed.

Transition planning may be included as part of the person-centered plan. The transition plan and/or discharge summary may be a combined document or part of the plan for the person served as long as it is clear whether the information relates to transition or pre-discharge planning or identifies the person's discharge or departure from the program.

Key Areas Addressed

- Referral or transition to other services
- Active participation of persons served
- Transition planning at earliest point
- Unplanned discharge referrals
- Plan addresses strengths, needs, abilities, preferences
- Follow-up for persons discharged for aggressiveness

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

2.E. Medication Use

Description

Medication use is the practice of handling, prescribing, dispensing, and/or administering medications to persons served in response to specific symptoms, behaviors, and conditions for which the use of medications is indicated and deemed efficacious. Medication use may include self-administration, or be provided by personnel of the organization or under contract with a licensed individual. Medication use is directed toward maximizing the functioning of the persons served while reducing their specific symptoms and minimizing the impact of side effects.

Medication use includes prescribed or sample medications, and may, when required as part of the treatment regimen, include over-the-counter or alternative medications provided to the person served. Alternative medications can include herbal or mineral supplements, vitamins, homeopathic remedies, hormone therapy, or culturally specific treatments.

Medication control is identified as the process of physically controlling, transporting, storing, and disposing of medications, including those self-administered by the person served.

Self-administration for adults is the application of a medication (whether by injection, inhalation, oral ingestion, or any other means) by the person served, to his/her body; and may include the organization storing the medication for the person served, or may include staff handing the bottle or blister-pak to the person served, instructing or verbally prompting the person served to take the medication, coaching the person served through the steps to ensure proper adherence, and closely observing the person served self-administering the medication.

Self-administration by children or adolescents in a residential setting must be directly supervised by personnel, and standards related to medication use applied.

Dispensing is considered the practice of pharmacy; the process of preparing and delivering a prescribed medication (including samples) that has been packaged or re-packaged and labeled by a physician or pharmacist or other qualified professional licensed to dispense (for later oral ingestion, injection, inhalation, or other means of administration).

Prescribing is evaluating, determining what agent is to be used by and giving direction to a person served (or family/legal guardian), in the preparation and administration of a remedy to be used in the treatment of disease. It includes a verbal or written order, by a qualified professional licensed to prescribe, that details what medication should be given to whom, in what formulation and dose, by what route, when, how frequently, and for what length of time. These standards are applied regardless of whether the prescriber is employed directly by the organization or works under contract.

Key Areas Addressed

- Individual records of medication
- Physician review
- Policies and procedures for prescribing, dispensing, and administering medications
- Training regarding medications
- Policies and procedures for safe handling of medication

Recommendations

2.E.2.a.

Although the organization provides documented training to staff members that administer medications to the persons served, the organization should also provide medication training for all other staff members that provide direct support to the persons served. The organization should document this training and is encouraged to develop a training module for employees that can be incorporated into the initial training cycle and offer as-needed refresher training annually.

2.F. Nonviolent Practices

Description

Programs strive to be learning environments and to support persons served in the development of recovery, resiliency, and wellness. Relationships are central to supporting individuals in recovery and wellness. Programs are challenged to establish quality relationships as a foundation to supporting recovery and wellness. Providers need to be mindful of developing cultures that create healing, healthy and safe environments, and include the following:

- Engagement
- Partnership—power with, not over
- Holistic approaches
- Respect
- Hope
- Self-direction

Programs need to recognize that individuals may require supports to fully benefit from their services. Staff are expected to access or provide those supports wanted and needed by the individual. Supports may include environmental supports, verbal prompts, written expectations, clarity of rules and expectations, or praise and encouragement.

Even with supports, there are times when individuals may show signs of fear, anger, or pain, which may lead to aggression or agitation. Staff members are trained to recognize and respond to these signs through de-escalation, changes to the physical environment, implementation of meaningful and engaging activities, redirection, active listening, etc. On the rare occasions when these interventions are not successful and there is imminent danger of serious harm, seclusion or restraint may be used to ensure safety. Seclusion and restraint are never considered treatment interventions; they are always considered actions of last resort. The use of seclusion and restraint must always be followed by a full review, as part of the process to eliminate the use of these in the future.

The goal is to eliminate the use of seclusion and restraint in behavioral health, as the use of seclusion or restraint creates potential physical and psychological dangers to the persons subject to the interventions, to the staff members who administer them, or those who witness the practice. Each organization still utilizing seclusion or restraint should have the elimination thereof as an eventual goal.

Restraint is the use of physical force or mechanical means to temporarily limit a person's freedom of movement; chemical restraint is the involuntary emergency administration of medication, in immediate response to a dangerous behavior. Restraints used as an assistive device for persons with physical or medical needs are not considered restraints for purposes of this section. Briefly holding a person served, without undue force, for the purpose of comforting him or her or to prevent self-injurious behavior or injury to others, or holding a person's hand or arm to safely guide him or her from one area to another, is not a restraint. Separating individuals threatening to harm one another, without implementing restraints, is not considered restraint.

Seclusion refers to restriction of the person served to a segregated room with the person's freedom to leave physically restricted. Voluntary time out is not considered seclusion, even though the voluntary time out may occur in response to verbal direction; the person served is considered in seclusion if freedom to leave the segregated room is denied.

Seclusion or restraint by trained and competent personnel is used only when other less restrictive measures have been found to be ineffective to protect the person served or others from injury or serious harm. Peer restraint is not considered an acceptable alternative to restraint by personnel. Seclusion or restraint is not used as a means of coercion, discipline, convenience, or retaliation.

In a correctional setting, the use of seclusion or restraint for purposes of security is not considered seclusion or restraint under these standards. Security doors designed to prevent elopement or wandering are not considered seclusion or restraint. Security measures for forensic purposes, such as the use of handcuffs instituted by law enforcement personnel, are not subject to these standards. When permissible, consideration is made to removal of physical restraints while the person is receiving services in the behavioral healthcare setting.

Key Areas Addressed

- Training and procedures supporting nonviolent practices
- Policies and procedures for use of seclusion and restraint
- Patterns of use reviewed
- Persons trained in use
- Plans for reduction/elimination of use

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

2.G. Records of the Persons Served

Description

A complete and accurate record is developed to ensure that all appropriate individuals have access to relevant clinical and other information regarding each person served.

Key Areas Addressed

- Confidentiality
- Timeframes for entries to records
- Individual record requirements
- Duplicate records

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

2.H. Quality Records Management

Description

The organization implements systems and procedures that provide for the ongoing monitoring of the quality, appropriateness, and utilization of the services provided. This is largely accomplished through a systematic review of the records of the persons served. The review assists the organization in improving the quality of services provided to each person served.

Key Areas Addressed

- Quarterly professional review
- Review current and closed records
- Items addressed in quarterly review
- Use of information to improve quality of services

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

Section 3. Core Treatment Program Standards

Description

The standards in this section address the unique characteristics of each type of core program area. Behavioral health programs are organized and designed to provide services for persons who have or who are at risk of having psychiatric disorders, harmful involvement with alcohol or other drugs, or other addictions or who have other behavioral health needs. Through a team approach, and with the active and ongoing participation of the persons served, the overall goal of each program is to improve the quality of life and the functional abilities of the persons served. Each program selected for accreditation demonstrates cultural competency and relevance. Family members and significant others are involved in the programs of the persons served as appropriate and to the extent possible.

3.A. Assertive Community Treatment (ACT)

Description

Assertive Community Treatment (ACT) is a multidisciplinary team approach that assumes responsibility for directly providing acute, active, and ongoing community-based psychiatric treatment, assertive outreach, rehabilitation, and support. The program team provides assistance to individuals to maximize their recovery, ensure consumer-directed goal setting, assist the persons served to gain hope and a sense of empowerment, and provide assistance in helping the persons served become respected and valued members of their community. The program provides psychosocial services directed primarily to adults with severe and persistent mental illness who often have co-occurring problems, such as substance abuse, or are homeless or involved with the judicial system.

The team is the single point of clinical responsibility and is accountable for assisting the person served to meet his or her needs and to achieve his or her goals for recovery. Multiple members of the team are familiar with each person served to ensure the timely and continuous provision of services. Services are provided on a long-term care basis with continuity of caregivers over time. The majority of services are provided directly by ACT team members, with minimal referral to outside providers, in the natural environment of the person served and are available 24 hours a day, 7 days per week. Services are comprehensive and highly individualized and are modified as needed through an ongoing assessment and treatment planning process. Services vary in intensity based on the needs of the persons served.

Assertive Community Treatment has been identified as an effective model for providing community-based services for persons whose needs and goals have not been met through traditional office-based treatment and rehabilitation services. Desired outcomes specific to ACT services may include positive change in the following areas: community tenure, independent living, quality of life, consumer satisfaction of the person served, functioning in work and social domains, community integration, psychological condition, subjective well-being, and the ability to manage his or her own healthcare.

In certain geographic areas, Assertive Community Treatment programs may be called Community Support programs, Intensive Community Treatment programs, Mobile Community Treatment Teams, or Assertive Outreach Teams.

Key Areas Addressed

- Composition of ACT team and ratio of staff members/persons served
- Medication management
- Provision of crisis intervention, case management, and community integration services
- Assertive outreach and engagement of ACT team with persons served primarily in community settings

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

3.B. Case Management/Services Coordination (CM)

Description

Case management/services coordination programs provide goal-oriented and individualized supports focusing on improved self-sufficiency for the persons served through assessment, planning, linkage, advocacy, coordination, and monitoring activities. Successful service coordination results in community opportunities and increased independence for the persons served. Programs may provide occasional supportive counseling and crisis intervention services, when allowed by regulatory or funding authorities.

Case management/services coordination may be provided by an organization as part of its person-centered planning and delivery, by a department or division within the organization that works with individuals who are internal and/or external to the organization, or by an organization with the sole purpose of providing case management/services coordination. Such programs are typically provided by qualified case managers/coordinators or by case management teams.

Organizations performing case management/services coordination as a routine function of other services or programs are not required to apply these standards unless they are specifically seeking accreditation for this program.

Key Areas Addressed

- Personnel who are knowledgeable about appropriate services and relevant support systems
- Optimization of resources and opportunities for persons served
- Provision of or linkage to skill development services related to performing ADL activities

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

3.E. Crisis Intervention (CI)

Description

Crisis intervention programs offer services aimed at the assessment and immediate stabilization of acute symptoms of mental illness, alcohol and other drug abuse, and emotional distress or in response to acts of domestic violence or abuse/neglect. Crisis intervention services consist of mobile response, walk-in centers, or other means of face-to-face assessments and telephone interventions.

Key Areas Addressed

- Services are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week
- Assessment and immediate stabilization of acute symptoms
- Timely engagement
- Telephone and face-to-face crisis assessment
- Crisis intervention plan
- Qualified behavioral health practitioners are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week
- Mobile services provision

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

3.L. Intensive Family-Based Services (IFB)

Description

These intensive services are provided in a supportive and interactive manner and directed toward maintaining or restoring a positive family relationship. The services are time limited and are initially intensive, based on the needs of the family. The services demonstrate a multisystemic approach to treatment and have a goal of keeping families together. The services may include wraparound and family preservation programs. The program may also provide services directed toward family restoration when a child has been in an out-of-home placement.

Key Areas Addressed

- Services designed to prevent out-of-home placement
- Family assessments
- Child- and family-centered planning
- Contingency planning

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

3.O. Outpatient Treatment (OT)

Description

Outpatient treatment programs provide culturally and linguistically appropriate services that include, but are not limited to, individual, group, and family counseling and education on wellness, recovery, and resiliency. These programs offer comprehensive, coordinated, and defined services that may vary in level of intensity. Outpatient programs may address a variety of needs, including, but not limited to, situational stressors, family relations, interpersonal relationships, mental health issues, life span issues, psychiatric illnesses, and substance use disorders and other addictive behaviors.

Key Areas Addressed

- Therapy services
- Education on wellness, recovery, and resiliency
- Accessible services
- Creation of natural supports

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

Section 4. Core Support Program Standards

Description

The standards in this section address the unique characteristics of each type of core program area. Behavioral health programs are organized and designed to provide services for persons who have or who are at risk of having psychiatric disorders, harmful involvement with alcohol or other drugs, or other addictions or who have other behavioral health needs. Through a team approach, and with the active and ongoing participation of the persons served, the overall goal of each program is to improve the quality of life and the functional abilities of the persons served. Each program selected for accreditation demonstrates cultural competency and relevance. Family members and significant others are involved in the programs of the persons served as appropriate and to the extent possible.

4.A. Assessment and Referral (AR)

Description

Assessment and referral programs provide a variety of activities, including prescreening, screening, psychosocial assessment, determination of need, and referral to appropriate level of care. The provision of information on available resources is not considered a full assessment and referral program. An adequate assessment must be conducted to provide more informed referrals.

Such programs may be separate, freestanding programs, an independent program within a larger organization, or a specifically identified activity within a system of care. Organizations performing assessment and referral as a routine function of entrance into other core programs, such as their outpatient treatment, case management, or residential programs, are not required to apply these standards unless they are specifically seeking accreditation for assessment and referral.

Key Areas Addressed

- Identification of valid, reliable, or standardized assessment tools, tests, or instruments
- Method of identifying appropriate levels of care
- Information provided on available choices for community resources

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

Section 5. Specific Population Designation Standards

5.D. Children and Adolescents (CA)

Description

Programs for children and adolescents consist of an array of behavioral health services designed specifically to address the treatment needs of children and adolescents. Such programs tailor their services to the particular needs and preferences of children and adolescents and are provided in a setting that is both relevant to and comfortable for this population.

Key Areas Addressed

- Comprehensive assessments
- Services based on needs of child
- Criminal background checks for staff providing direct services

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

Program(s)/Service(s) by Location

Shiawassee County Community Mental Health Authority

1555 Industrial Drive, Post Office Box 428
Owosso, MI 48867

Assertive Community Treatment: Mental Health (Adults)
Assessment and Referral: Integrated: AOD/MH (Adults)
Assessment and Referral: Integrated: IDD/Mental Health (Adults)
Assessment and Referral: Integrated: IDD/Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
Case Management/Services Coordination: Integrated: IDD/Mental Health (Adults)
Case Management/Services Coordination: Integrated: IDD/Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
Crisis Intervention: Integrated: IDD/Mental Health (Adults)
Crisis Intervention: Integrated: IDD/Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
Intensive Family-Based Services: Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
Outpatient Treatment: Integrated: AOD/MH (Adults)
Outpatient Treatment: Integrated: IDD/Mental Health (Adults)
Outpatient Treatment: Integrated: IDD/Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
Governance Standards Applied